# Cardiovascular outcomes in patients with chronic kidney disease & COVID-19:

a multi-regional data-linkage study

Lambourg & Gallacher et al, 2021

## **Methods**



**SARS-CoV-2 PCR** 



86,964 patients
with prior measures of serum creatinine
tested in Scotland, UK



Cohort 1: N = 36,904 CKD = 15.9%

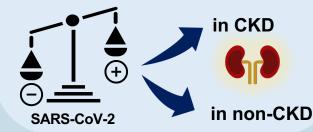
Cohort 2: N = 50,060 CKD = 16.4%

#### **Primary outcomes**

- Cardiovascular death
- All-cause death



Covariate Balancing Propensity Score Weighted comparison by test status

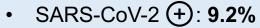


# **Results**

### **CKD**

- SARS-CoV-2 (+): 11.4%
- Outcomes in patients with COVID-19:
  - Cardiovascular death: 11.1%
  - COVID-19 death: **36.8%**
  - All-cause death: 46.5%

## No CKD



- Outcomes in patients with COVID-19:
  - Cardiovascular death: 2.7%
  - COVID-19 death: **12.5%**
  - All-cause death: 16.3%

# COVID-19 ⊕ vs — → EXCESS RISK in PATIENTS WITH CKD

Adjusted meta-estimates combining both cohorts for cardiovascular and all-cause death





|           | Hazard<br>ratio | Lower<br>95% CI | Upper<br>95% C |
|-----------|-----------------|-----------------|----------------|
| 30 days   | 2.34            | 1.83            | 2.99           |
| 90 days   | 1.71            | 1.39            | 2.11           |
| Study end | 1.57            | 1.31            | 1.89           |
| 30 days   | 4.53            | 3.97            | 5.16           |
| 90 days   | 3.01            | 2.68            | 3.35           |
| Study end | 2.41            | 2.17            | 2.64           |

