



SARS-CoV-2-induced senescence as a potential therapeutic target

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Long implicated in the pathology of ageing, cancer and many other systemic diseases, cellular senescence is now emerging as a key factor in the pathogenesis of severe COVID-19, with implications for other viral illnesses. <https://bit.ly/3bbmOuT>

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The global coronavirus disease 2019 (COVID-19) pandemic has caused major morbidity, mortality and socioeconomic disruption on an individual and collective level. Over 6 million COVID-19-related deaths have been reported, with total case numbers now well over 500 million worldwide [1]. Whilst the prompt and efficient design of effective vaccines has restored varying degrees of normal activity to some parts of world, the effects of the pandemic will be long in duration and far-reaching.

